

# THE EMPRESS EXPRESS



VOLUME XIX. NO. 5

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, July 2nd, 1931

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

## United Church

Public Worship, 11.30 a.m.; Church School, 10.30 a.m. Services will also be conducted at:  
Leland, 3 p.m.  
Social Plains, 7.30 p.m.  
"We may not reach our ideals, but like stars they guide us on our way."

Come and worship God with us.

Rev. Geo. A. Shields,  
Minister.

## Castle Coombe

United Church services will be held July 5, at—  
Mayfield at 11 a.m.  
Sunday School will follow church service;  
Wainfleet at 3 p.m.

D. B. Tupper,  
Student-in-charge.

## Mendham Win From Locals

Last Friday evening the Mendham ball team were visitors here. The day was hot and very windy. However, the game proved a most interesting one for the watchers. Mendham won the game by a score of 6-4 and avenged the defeat they suffered from the hosts at the Bustball tournament. The poor weather conditions were reflected in the attendance of spectators.

Corn, from the fields of one of the world's largest farms, will be entered in the competitive classes at the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina in 1933. It will come from a farm which consists of 45,000 acres and employs 1,200 people the year round, located at Nova Sad, Yugoslavia. The farm is operated by a company whose executives are preparing to visit Regina with the corn exhibit next year.

A raft (anchored) with diving board attached, is proving an attraction at the river to those who enjoy bathing.

## School Field Day

The five schools : Mayfield, Troisley, Ainslie, Chesterfield and Wainfleet, took part in a field day at Mayfield Hall on Friday afternoon, June 12th. A large crowd was present. The following were the winners in the different events:

**GIrlS:** 1st, 2nd and 3rd: Running High Jump (6 to 8 years) Jean Hayes, M; Edna Hearie, C; Agnes Steiger, W. S.10 years: Evinia Steinley, T; Tilly Steinley, T; Helen Klippert, C.

10-12 years: Norma French, T; Hilda McCurdy, M; Viola Klippert, C. 12-14 years: Rosie Klippert, C; Edith Steinley, T; Mary Beckery, W.

14-16 years: Helen Hamilton, T; Alice Rivers, W; Sylvia Hearie, C.

Running Broad Jump 8 10 yrs.: Helen Klippert, C; Tilly Steinley, T; Irene Rivers, W.

Running Broad Jump 10-12 yrs.: Grace Chapman, W; Viola Klippert, C; Hilda McCurdy, M.

12-14 years: Rosie Klippert, C; Dorothy Dwinell, M; Mary Becker, W.

14-16 years: Alice Rivers, W; Helen Hamilton, T; Sylvia Hearie, C.

Hop step and jump:

8 10 years: Helen Klippert, C; Evinia Steinley, T; Tilly Steinley, T.

12-14 years: Edith Steinley, T; Rosie Klippert, C; Mary Beckery, W.

14-16 years: Helen Hamilton, T; Alice Rivers, W; Katherine Watson, T.

## BOYS EVENTS

Running High Jump, 8.10 yrs.: Harold Haynes, T; Charles Leach, M; William Acheson, T. 12-14 years: Douglas French, T;

Running Broad Jump, 8.11 yrs.: Charles Leach, M; Alvin Klippert, C; Ralph Rivers, W.

12-14 years: Doug French, T; Kenneth Haynes, M; Harold Rivers, W.

Standing Broad Jump, 8.11 yrs.: Charles Leach, M; Alvin Klippert, C; Ralph Rivers, W.

12-14 years: Harold Haynes, M; Horbie McWhinney, C; Harold Rivers, W.

Hop step and jump, 8.11 yrs.: Harold Rivers, W; William Acheson, T; Charlie Leach, M.

12-14 years: Doug French, T; Harold Rivers, W; Ken Haynes, M.

Baseball Throw, 8.11 yrs.: Ralph Rivers, W; Charlie Leach, M; Herbie Wagor, M.

12-14 years: Harold Rivers, W; Ken Haynes, M; Herbie McWhinney, C.

Pole Vault, 8.11 years: Charlie Leach, M; Bridie Wagor, M; Herbie Wagor, M.

12-14 years: Allan Acheson, T; Harold Rivers, W; Jim McCurdy, M.

Below are the points claimed by the different schools: Troisley, 81; Wainfleet, 51; Chesterfield, 53; Mayfield, 51; Ainslie, 9.

1st, 5 points; 2nd, 3 points; 3rd, 1 point.

On account of heavy showers in the afternoon, the races and relays could not be run off.

Softball included the women's activities for the children, and softball was in to men. Mayfield defeated Troisley. Wainfleet lost to Chesterfield. Troisley won from Ainslie. Troisley defeated Chesterfield.

The jumping displayed was of very high merit. A dance was held in the evening.

## School Report For Month of June 1931

Promoted to Grade VII:

Maxie Pawlik, 8.8

Marjory Hurlbut, 8.1

Harold Fraser, 7.5

Maple Longmire, 6.9

Corinne MacPherson, 6.8

Wilmie Higman, 6.8

Jack McGuire, 5.8

Promoted to Grade VIII:

Bawly McCune, 7.0

Melville Bowtell, 7.0

Mildred Horn, 7.0

Viola Burke, 6.9

Lester Nickel, 6.7

Willie Burke, 5.5

John Burke, 5.7

Promoted to Grade IX:

Bill Lasey, 7.5

Don McCune, 6.8

Earl Bowtell, 6.6

Ila Fountain, 5.5

## Public Notice

The used road through the N.E. 1/4, 24 23 1 w. 4th, will be CLOSED as a Public Road, on July 31st, 1931. Trespassers or any person found doing damage to this land, or property on this land, in the meantime, will be Prosecuted.

H. L. Massingill,  
Owner.

Herald Rivers, W; Clifford Leach, M.

Running Broad Jump, 8.11 yrs.: Charles Leach, M; Ralph Rivers, W; Harold Haynes, A.

12-14 years: Doug French, T; Kenneth Haynes, M; Harold Rivers, W.

Standing Broad Jump, 8.11 yrs.: Charles Leach, M; Alvin Klippert, C; Ralph Rivers, W.

12-14 years: Harold Haynes, M; Horbie McWhinney, C; Harold Rivers, W.

Hop step and jump, 8.11 yrs.: Harold Rivers, W; William Acheson, T; Charlie Leach, M.

12-14 years: Doug French, T; Harold Rivers, W; Ken Haynes, M.

Baseball Throw, 8.11 yrs.: Ralph Rivers, W; Charlie Leach, M; Herbie Wagor, M.

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## The Empress BAKERY

Get Your Bread, Cakes  
and Pastry from us.

Town Delivers made if  
required.

Bread 3 Loaves for 25c.

**MURRAY**  
*The Baker*

## Fifth Fortnightly Crop Report

Issued by the Department of Agriculture, Prov. of Alberta, June 26th, 1931

A large section of the Province has received a plentiful supply of moisture during the past two weeks. Telegraph reports reaching the Department from various sections of the Province today, indicate that prospects have greatly improved particularly in the case of the later sown grain. The early sown wheat, oats and barley are showing a fine stand in all districts where sufficient moisture has been received. The extreme southern part of the Province and considerable areas through the south-eastern section has not had sufficient rain and high winds still prevail during much damage.

Pastures generally have improved rapidly during the past two weeks in the areas where precipitation has occurred. In districts where the ground is dry and where dry weather prevailed in the early part of the season, pastures have not yet recovered sufficiently to provide feed for stock.

Grasshoppers and cutworms have done some damage in isolated places. Taking the Province as a whole, however, this has been very slight.

Aifids is a heavy stand in the irrigated area. The first cutting has now commenced.

Warmer weather would be welcome but crops are growing rapidly over the greater part of the Province and all but the early sown grain gives promise of a good return except in the districts where moisture has not yet been sufficient.

Dr. Dowler is spending a week's holidays at the home of his parents near Veteran, Alta.

## Cream Market Report

For the week ending June 20th, 1931, the following prices were paid by creameries per pound of butterfat, in the several grades of cream, and at the points shown:

Jasper Dairy, Edmonton, Special grads, 19c.; No. 1, 17c. Calgary Creameries, special grade, 17c., No. 1, 15c.; No. 2, 13c.

Minimum: Special grade, 16c., No. 1, 14c., No. 2, 11c., off grade, 6c.

Canadian Pacific Travel Experts will arrange everything or write

## Acadia Valley Sports

On July 1, Dominion Day, a large number of Empress people attended Acadia Valley Sports. In the ball tournament, Acadia won from Alsask Juniors, Sibald from Empress, Sibald from Mendham and Acadia from Sibald. At ladies softball, Acadia won from Empress and Mendham from Sibald.

The Empress Juniors defeated Alsask Juniors in a good baseball game. A dance at night rounded out the day's events.

## Pale Western Cutworm Damage Over for 1931

The pale western cutworm has been very abundant throughout much of Alberta and Saskatchewan this spring. In many districts there has been much excessive damage from drought and wind that the pale western cutworm has been over looked by the farmers. Where recent rains have revived the crop the cutworm menace is being lessened, and there is considerable hesitation in reseeding areas with crops suitable for seed.

In most of the infested areas the majority of the pale western cutworms are mature or nearly so, and reseeding can be carried on with little fear from this source. Whilst the hatching was very uneven and some fields contain cutworms of various sizes they are maturing rapidly.

By the time crops have been reseeded the cutworm menace will be over for this season, and with sufficient or no delay there will be little or no delay in the growth of the crop. Farmers desiring to grow more feed will be well advised to seed as soon as possible if moisture conditions seem favorable.—H. L. Seaman, Dom. Entomological Laboratory, Lethbridge.

## Anglican Church

Confirmation by Lord Bishop of Qu'Appelle:  
Alsask, 11 a.m., Sunday, July 5th.

Empress, 3 p.m., Wednesday, July 8.

A. Patterson,  
Student-in-charge.

## District Receives Good Rain

On Monday, after a severe wind on Friday and moderate weather on Saturday and Sunday, the district received a much-needed rainfall, the heaviest of the season. In town it measured 50 of an inch, and is reported to have been much heavier south and in other parts of the district. This rain will be of much benefit to late crops, feed crops and pastures.

Tuesday and Wednesday heavy winds prevailed—with light showers Wednesday.

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Places to go - things to see - ways to travel on a summer vacation are offered in great variety.

Mountain Resorts  
Pacific Coast  
Vancouver Island  
Alaska  
Eastern Canada  
Great Lakes  
United States  
Overseas Tours

Canadian Pacific Travel Experts will arrange everything or write

G. D. BHOPHY, District Passenger Agent,  
Canadian Pacific Railway, Calgary, Alta.

Literature is free and contains details  
of split low cost holidays.

## Welcome at McGill



On the occasion of his visit to Montreal, Great Britain's Premier, Right Hon. J. Ramsay MacDonald, received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the hands of E. W. Beatty, M. C., Chancellor of McGill University. Mr. MacDonald and Mr. Beatty are seen in the above photograph as they were drawn through the campus of McGill by the enthusiastic students. On the box-seat is Max Ford, the students' cheer-leader.

## CHOICE CHINAWARE

We have just introduced some exceptionally choice designs in chinaware. We were fortunate in securing a very good buy on these goods. Cups and Saucers, Cream and Sugar Sets, Tea Dishes in a unique and exclusive designs. You will be pleased with the showing, price and selection offered in these goods.

We are agents for leading importers. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

EMPIRE DRUG CO., Ltd.

# MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco  
with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

## The Spirit Of Adventure

Sir Edward Grigg, Governor of Kenya, one of Britain's East African dependencies, who has been in Africa for nearly two years, recently delivered an interesting address in which he noted a decline in the old British sense of adventure and made an appeal for a re-kindling of this spirit in the new generation. Without it, he held, the new generation would not be the equals of their fathers, grandfathers and great-grandfathers—those generations that, practically within the reign of Queen Victoria, had built up the Empire as we know it today.

Decline in this sense of adventure Sir Edward attributed to the nervous depression produced by the Great War, and he urged that a revival of it would tend to promote support at home for development overseas, and that this was in the best interest of the Empire.

It maybe that Sir Edward is right in his belief that the old roving spirit which sent Englishmen, Irishmen and Scotsmen into all the nooks and corners of the world, civilized and uncivilized, and which in years gone by brought Canada, India, a large portion of Africa, and many of the isles of the seven seas, into the British Empire. Today, however, the force it once was in the lives of British youth, though still there, on the other hand, is it not possible that the same spirit exists but in the changed conditions of the world of today it is merely finding other avenues of expression?

Tens of thousands of young men enlisted in the Great War purely in a spirit of adventure. Englishmen, Irishmen and Scotchmen, young and strong, who became disabled and a sense of despondency followed by the heels of exhaustion. Again, thousands of the most daring spirits among the young men of this generation gave their lives in that greatest adventure, men who today would otherwise be found following in the footsteps of their sires and grandfathers.

But did not you today much as it always been? Before the Great War many people entertained the opinion that mankind had become soft, that it could not face the sufferings and sustain the hardships accepted by former generations as inseparable from existence. The stamens displayed in the Great War demonstrated to the amazement of all, how erroneous were such ideas.

In the spirit of adventure dead, or even on the decline? The attempt of Sir Hubert Wilkins and his companions, upon which they are now embarked, to make a dash in a submarine under the ice fields of the Arctic constitutes an adventure more daring than any that excited the imagination of a nation. Verily!

Or consider the recent adventure of Professor Picard, and his assistant Charles Kipper, who in a hermetically sealed aluminum ball attached to a balloon soared over \$2,000 feet, almost ten miles, into the air, into that rarefied stratosphere where winds do not blow, nor clouds form, but where the stars are seen day and night.

Then let us recall our own daring Canadian aviators who carried out the observation patrols along Hudson Straits to determine the ice conditions and navigability of that route, or who month in and month out maintain the forest fire patrols throughout our northlands, or are engaged in mapping unknown portions of the country.

All of these the world daring and adventurous Britons, including young Canadians, are engaged in engineering enterprises, building huge dredges, dams, hydro-electric plants, railways, and jungles and in almost inaccessible places with the same zeal and enthusiasm which carried their forebears into the unknown regions of the "big unknown."

Canada this year celebrated its fiftieth anniversary of the commencement of the Canadian Pacific Railway—a great adventure—followed by a still greater adventure on the part of the thousands of men and women who in a few short years settled and transformed the prairies of Western Canada into great wealth producing provinces now inhabited by over two million people.

No, the sense of adventure is not dead; we doubt if it is even on the decline. For example, give a thought to the daily adventures in the realms of science and invention where patient and courageous souls are discovering the wonderful and new things than ever did the romantic discoverers and explorers of the past.

Today the sense of adventure is very much alive, but it manifests itself in new ways and in different channels in keeping with the changed conditions of a scientific and machinery age as contrasted with those which preceded the age of steam and electricity. That is all, and there is no ground for pessimism that the British race is losing its determination and grit.

## Insanity Increases

**Stock Market Losses Are Held Responsible by Mental Hospital Authority of Quebec**

Stock market losses were blamed on an increase in the number of the insane during a discussion at the American Psychiatry Association Convention at Toronto by Dr. A. H. Desnoes, director of mental hospitals for the province of Quebec.

The increase of insanity in his practice for the past year was 14 per cent of the total number of cases as compared with the previous year's increase of one and half per cent, said Dr. Desnoes, and he attributed the disparity to the loss of savings by uninitiated investors. He urged government protection for the latter as a step in mental health.

## Fatomy's Fish Story

When an English sheep dog was chased by a 44-inch muskellunge, while swimming in the Rideau River at Ottawa, the dog was safe. So did the dog. Mr. Fish became stranded in shallow water, where a boulder was thrown killing it. The fish weighed 23 pounds.

A doctor is the only man who can differ from good health.

## Improved Method For Surveying From Air

Described By Chief Of British Topographical Survey

A new and improved method of aerial surveying has been used by the Royal Society of Canada by Brig.-Gen. Sir Charles Delmé-Balding, chief of the British cadastral and topographical survey. Originally developed by the Royal Engineers, Sir Charles, was as rapid as stereoscopy in surveying by air and as accurate as the old-fashioned transit survey. The photogrammetric method, which has already been adopted in Canada, is based on a series of overlapping photographs, each of which overlaps the next picture by 66 per cent. It is regarded as a great improvement over surveying methods now in use.

## Artificial Leather

Artificial leather is now made of wool in England. The product is said to look much like real leather and has the advantage of being more durable and capable of being substituted for leather in many places.

An automatic timing device for telephones has been developed which accurately times the length of conversations.

## Suffered From Heart Trouble

Became Weak and Run Down

Mrs. Wm. Diotte, Glenelgton, writes:—"For a long period I suffered from heart trouble, and I was run down. I tried various remedies, but they did me no good. One day I met a friend and told him of my trouble, and he suggested I take a walk for two hours, but after taking them I was again weak and run down. I then took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for a short time, and I soon recovered. I have taken two boxes and after taking them I was again strong and well. I am now taking 12, 15, and 18, Pills to anyone complaining of heart trouble."



Price 50¢ a box

Hold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by the manufacturer.

## Seeking Record In Flight Around World

Youths Expect To Make Trip In Ten Days

Wiley Post and Harold Gatty, two prudent young men, have figured out the comparative hazards of flying around the world, trying to cross a busy street—and they've decided to fly around the world.

"We got an expert to look over our motor," said Post at the Hotel Biddle, New York, "and we figure our chances. We found that a boy who had hit something like 50% of chances of getting hit by an automobile for every one chance that the motor would stop when it was supposed to. We're not afraid. If we were, we wouldn't go."

Post used to do what he called "rough necking" in Oklahoma oil fields. "I'm not a Australian," he said, "but I'm a good Australian."

They've got a great, shiny monoplane on which they plan to confidence of circling the globe in some thing less than ten days for a record.

## Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

### CHOCOLATE ICE BOX COOKIES

5½ cups special cake flour, sifted, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 1 cup sugar, slightly beaten, 1 cup sifted brown sugar, 1 cup granulated sugar, 1½ cups butter or other shortening, 1 egg, 8 squares unsweetened chocolate, melted or 4 cups coconut, chopped.

Sift flour once, add soda, and sift again. Combine other ingredients except chocolate, sugar and eggs. Pack tightly in a 9x5x3 inch pan lined with waxed paper. Chill over night. Remove loaf from pan, cut in half, and slice crosswise in half.

Bake in hot oven (400 degrees Fahrenheit) 5 minutes. Makes 6 dozen cookies.

### RASPBERRY DELIGHT

1 package raspberry flavored gelatin, 1 cup boiling water, 1 cup water, 1 cup raspberry Jules and cold water, 1 cup canned raspberries, drained. Dissolve gelatin in boiling water. Add cold water and raspberry juice. Put into molds in refrigerator. When slightly thickened, fold in raspberries. Chill until firm. Unmold. Serve with sweetened whipped cream, flavored with almond extract. Serves 6.

Persian Balm is a true elixir of youth. Refreshes and relaxes the body, gives a young glow to the complexion. Softens and beautifies the skin. Makes hands flawlessly white. Stimulates the glands and appears to stimulate the digestive system. Delightful to use. Delicately fragrant, non-oily, non-greasy. Contains vitamins and preservatives. A flawless toilet requisite for every discerning woman. A true aid to beauty.

### B.C. Apples

Gaining In Popularity In United Kingdom and On The Continent

British Columbia apples are gaining in popularity in the United Kingdom, according to R. Robertson, president of the British Columbia Marketing Council, who made a survey of the situation which included United Kingdom and the continent. He stated that the popularity of B.C. apples is due to the fact that the fruit is a true delicacy and is highly regarded.

He also stated that the fruit is a

comparatively modern affair.

The earliest mention of apples growing in what is now Canada is about 1870, and about that time the famous Indian Viceroy, Warren Hastings, was instrumental in introducing some varieties of the Chinese tea plant to the British Government in India. This plant was introduced against the tea plant which had been brought to India in 1610. It was not until the sixteenth century that Europe began to name tea.

Apparantly it was the Chinese who first cultivated tea, but it was not until the eighteenth century that tea was introduced to Europe.

The history of tea in India is a comparatively modern affair. The earliest mention of tea growing in India is about 1870, and about that time the famous Indian Viceroy, Warren Hastings, was instrumental in introducing some varieties of the Chinese tea plant to the British Government in India. This plant was introduced against the tea plant which had been brought to India in 1610. It was not until the sixteenth century that Europe began to name tea.

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The use of Miller's Worm Powder helps children so far as the ailments attributable to worms are concerned. The worm which troubles children is traceable to worms. Those sap the strength of infants so that they are unable to digest food and succumb to weakness. This preparation gives promise of health and keeps it.

Following are directions for the most satisfactory preparation of tea:

Use—(1) "Salada."

(2) Fresh water.

(3) An earthenware tea pot.

Soak tea leaves in water. Use one level teaspoon of tea for every cup desired. Add freshly boiled water, allow to steep about five minutes, then strain.

If the tea is going to stand longer than this it should be poured off the leaves into another heated pot, for it is over-steeping that causes bitterness.

Another suggestion is to stir the tea with a wooden spoon, pouring it back and forth, in order to insure its strength and flavor.

Reaction Is Quick

A machine has been developed to test the strength of tea leaves in seconds.

It has been found that the average time between a visual warning and applying the brake is fifteen-hundredths of a second.

Hemp, once a most important fiber

for making rope and textiles, has now

given place to a great extent to cheaper raw materials.

Hold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by the manufacturer.

W. N. U. 1894

## The Story Of The Tea Plant

History Points To the Fact That Tea Originally Came From India

There was a Chinaman, we are told, who had been sent to the forests of Assam in India, and discovered the tea-plant. This plant he introduced into his native land.

It is hardly likely that this Chinaman was the first to drink tea, but he probably was the first to bring it to China.

Probably it appealed to him as a new and hitherto unheard of bush, and he introduced it into his native land.

In spite of this interesting legend the true origin of the tea plant is still unproven. Ancient Chinese authors say that the tea plant was first introduced into China about 270 B.C., and that the Chinese try to show through ancient writings and old legends that China is the original home of this plant.

The tea-plant belongs to the Camellia family of vegetation. There are several varieties of plants principal among them being the Assam and the China. The word "Tea" is derived from the Chinese local name dialect word "te."

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Apparently it was the Chinese who discovered that a beverage could be made from the tea-plant, for a Chinese minor in the fourth century B.C., writes of a beverage that could be produced by steeping the leaves of the tea-plant in hot water.

A later Chinese writer named Chu Pi says that tea had been used only for medicinal purposes until it became popular as a beverage in China during the sixth century A.D. It was not until late in the sixteenth century that Europe began to name tea.

In the early days of the seventeenth century the product came to England from China and fetched a high price.

In 1664 Queen Catherine, wife of Charles II, presented a present of tea to the Earl of Bessborough. The Earl, in turn, gave it to the King. The King liked it so well that he introduced it into Society and it became the fashionable drink. Needless to say only the wealthy could afford to buy tea.

So far we have spoken of China as a tea producing country.

The history of tea in India is a comparatively modern affair. The earliest mention of tea growing in India is about 1870, and about that time the famous Indian Viceroy, Warren Hastings, was instrumental in introducing some varieties of the Chinese tea plant to the British Government in India. This plant was introduced against the tea plant which had been brought to India in 1610. It was not until the sixteenth century that tea-growing in India was placed on a solid basis.

The tea plant was discovered accidentally in 1867, in a garden in Darjeeling, India, and was introduced to the tea gardens in 1870. It was not until 1880 that tea was produced in India.

The tea plant was introduced in 1870, and the tea-growing industry in India was born. The tea plant was introduced in 1870, and the tea-growing industry in India was born.

It is in Ceylon, however, that we find the tea plant reaching its full perfection. The climate of that beautiful island, owing to its heavy rainfall, is particularly suitable for the cultivation of tea. After a number of experiments had been successfully conducted, the first plantation was opened in 1867. In 1870 there were only ten tea gardens in Ceylon, but by 1880, when the tea gardens in Ceylon had increased to 100, tea was over 40,000 and about 100 million pounds were produced.

Today Ceylon tea is the most popular tea in the world.

The gross value of tea produced in Ceylon in 1880 is estimated at \$1,400,000,000, of which Ontario accounts for \$121,242,000; Quebec, \$263,200; Saskatchewan, \$175,546,000; Alberta, \$150,731,000; Manitoba, \$88,000; Newfoundland, \$37,800,000; Prince Edward Island, \$19,701,000.

## Forced Labor Spreading

Foreign Purchases Help Soviets To Enslave People, Says Ducas Of Africa

The Dutch, in an address at London, said there are now several millions of men, women and children performing forced labor in Soviet Russia because of the speed with which the five-year plan is being pushed.

"It is estimated that over five million people were forcibly deported under the February, 1930 decree, chiefly to the forests of the far north of Russia.

"Many of them arrived there in the winter and had no houses until they had been there three months. History, I think, records no wholesale uprooting and banishment of peaceful fellow-citizens as this.

He reported that the forced labor has been applied to collective farms, handling the grain and timber and other industries.

"That this enslavement is due to the five-year plan is unquestionable. The question is whether the shaping and execution of the plan is being assisted by foreign experts, foreign credits and foreign purchase is further undetermined.

"Canada has taken action to clear herself of complete responsibility in the matter. Are countries such as the United States and Great Britain, both of which have made sacrifices in the past in the name of freedom, satisfied to do less?"

Berlin Opens Skyscraper

Only Eight Stories High But Is Tallest In Europe

Berlin's tallest building, "Europe House," has just been officially opened.

It is only 180 feet high, with eight stories, but is declared to be the tallest business house in Europe.

It contains 1,000 offices, 400 apartments, a swimming pool, a restaurant, a swimming pool and a post office. The roof garden has a dance floor. The building is illuminated at night with Neon lights, stretching for nearly a mile along its front. Express elevators carry 3,000 passengers an hour.

## \*Best For You and Baby too\*

**Baby's Own Soap**  
10 cents Individual Cartons

Labor Minister Seeks

Data On Unemployment

Is Making Survey Of Conditions In

Western Canada

A survey of actual unemployment conditions throughout Canada will be conducted personally by Senator G. D. Robertson, Minister of Labor. Because conditions in Western Canada are more acute than in the rest of the country, he will be particularly interested.

The survey will be undertaken throughout Eastern Canada. A detailed report to the government will be submitted in the fall.

Accompanying Senator Robertson on his western trip will be the superintendent of unemployment relief, the director of employment relief, the director of agriculture, provincial governors and representatives of the largest municipalities.

In addition, first hand information on rural conditions as they exist at present and as they may exist during the fall and winter, will be secured.

Factories Reopened In Orient

The slump in the price of soy beans in Manchuria has proved a blessing to the Chinese, who are able to afford large quantities of bean cake fertilizer. Demand for fertilizer at the new prices has been so great that many Chinese factories have had to work overtime to meet the demand.

Graves Worm Exterminator

A Lousy Find

After lying at the side of the road outside her residence at Southwold, England, for four and one-half years, a diamond ring valued at \$2,500 has just been recovered.

It fell from her ring on August 8, 1928, and a thorough search for it was made at that time. A street sweeper found it among his sweepings, and received \$250 reward.

ZIG-ZAG

Cigarette Papers

Large Sample Book

First You Can Buy

AVOID INITIATION FEES NOW 5¢

BLACKHEADS

Don't suffer any longer from unsightly blackheads. Get them at once.

Overcome them at home! Get 2 oz. Para-Sani Heavy Wax

Face cloth, apply with a circular motion and the blackheads will be all WASHED AWAY.

Satisfaction of money returned.

Keep Foods Deliciously Fresh

Keep your foods—cakes, bread, pies, meat, etc.

—under a covering of Para-Sani Heavy Wax

Paper. You'll be amazed at the length of time they'll stay fresh, delicious.

Para-Sani keeps them from stalting.

Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary knife-edged carton.

For less exacting uses ask for Appleford's "Centre Pull"

Packs in sheet form.

**Appleford Paper Products**

LIMITED

HAMILTON

ONT.

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# Excursion Steamer Sinks Off The Coast Of France With Heavy Loss Of Life

St. Nazaire, France.—Nearly 500 excursionists are believed to have lost their lives when the excursion steamer "St. Gildas Point" sank between St. Gildas Point and Portrieux, about five miles from here.

Only eight survivors had been picked up by rescue boats and it was believed that, except for these, all the passengers and crew on the boat were lost.

The excursion steamer was carrying large holiday crowds on its run between Nantes and the island of Noirmoutier. It left Nantes this morning, June 14.

All of the eight who were rescued from the water by boats which put out for the scene shortly after the catastrophe were men. There were a number of women and children aboard the boat.

A squall struck the boat in the late afternoon, the survivors said. It knocked the small vessel off course and she ran aground. The crew became panicky, rushed to the open side of the deck, causing the boat to capsize and spilling its load of human freight into the churning sea.

The survivors were more than half alive when they were picked up after more than an hour in the heavy seas. They were saved they said, by life belts which they managed to grab before they were thrown into the water.

First information about the catastrophe came from the lighthouse keeper at St. Gildas Point. He saw the ship strike the rock and over turn. It was immediately telephoned to Portrieux for help. Life savers put at once for the spot.

Even after the receipt of the news at St. Nazaire, the report that the boat had sunk was not received. It was only after the first of the survivors reached the shore that the reality of the catastrophe was accepted.

## To Safeguard Dairy Products

### Bill To Make Adulteration An Offense

#### Will Be Considered

Ottawa, Ont.—Increased penalties for the adulteration of milk and other dairy products will be considered by the agriculture committee of the House of Commons. The House gave second reading, without discussion, to a bill introduced by Mr. George Gobet (Cons., Compton) which would amend the dairy industry act by putting heavier penalties on those convicted of offences under the act, and referred it to the agricultural committee.

#### Altitude Record For Women

Saskatoon, Sask.—Sister Mary Garry Mohr, a Spokane at an altitude of 16,000 feet, Miss Nellie Carson, of the Saskatoon Aero Club, created what is believed to be the altitude record for women fliers in Western Canada. The flight took 10 hours and 20 minutes. Miss Carson, who wore winter garments experienced severely cold temperature and she had to be assisted from the machine when it alighted.

## Solloway and Mills Are Acquitted On All Fifteen Counts

Toronto, Ont.—W. C. Solloway, British Columbia was made by A. G. Sleight, K.C., counsel for Solloway, during the trial.

"I feel that the British Columbia authorities learn of the true character of this verdict there will be an end to all proposed, possible or threatened trials in British Columbia," Mr. Sleight said.

Opening his address to the jury Mr. Justice Garrow of himself and Mills, Solloway told reporters: "I never believed 12 men in Canada could convict us for a third time."

The four defense partners were tried and convicted in Alberta in charges arising out of the operation of their business, and faced trial on a previous occasion in Ontario. Solloway seemed on the point of collapse as he sat in the witness stand. Following the discharge of Mr. Justice Garrow of himself and Mills, Solloway told reporters: "I never believed 12 men in Canada could convict us for a third time."

Referring to the possibility of a trial on charges of conspiracy in him."

## Gold Strikes In B.C.

### Discoveries Are Reported In Two Widely-Separated Districts

Vancouver, B.C.—Reported gold discoveries in two widely-separated districts in British Columbia are attracting wide attention throughout the province.

In the northern part of the province on the Nass River, a tributary of the Parry Narrows, about 110 miles northwest of Prince George, the reported placer gold discovery has taken two precious metal seeking miners.

Meanwhile news of a rich ore strike at Lowhee, Ol' Mountain, Vancouver, 200 miles north of Ashcroft, the city of the miners, led to Vancouver by four directions of the Cariboo Gold Quartz Company, which for years has been carrying on development and research work in the neighborhood of Barkerville, where the ore body is known to be approximately twenty-five miles east.

Dr. W. B. Burnett, of Vancouver, who has been interested in the gold strike since it was first reported, said that in the opinion of hard rock miners, the strike may bring on a rush to Cariboo rivaling that of the early sixties.

## Girl Bandits In China

### Communist Amazons Terrorize Popu- lace With Policy Of Robbing With Violence

Shanghai, China—Activities of girl bandits in various parts of China have become so widespread that troops have been sent from Hankow to round them up. The most dangerous of these bandit leaders is Miss Liang, a highly educated girl, who claims to be a sister of China's notorious outlaw, Ho Lung.

Educated at the Mission school Miss Liang heads a despotic band of some 2000 men, and whose policy is robbery with violence. Firing rifles and revolvers the amazons sweep through a town and round up the bandits. Then the terrified population watch the others are allowed to leave, houses after which they all make their get-away with blood-curdling yells.

#### Posts Are Abolished

Montreal, Que.—Abolition of five posts major positions in the passenger traffic department of the Canadian National Railways together with other changes and abolition of minor positions, effective on June 15, were announced by L. B. Lampard, traffic vice-president of the system.

#### France Opposes Debt Revision

Paris, France.—Recent "steel helmets" in the form of a new law made it difficult to continue paying debts to Germany, Foreign Minister Aristide Briand told the Chamber of Deputies in declaring that the government was opposed to any revision of the Young plan.

## Tragedy Of The North

### Remains Of John Bennett Sent To England For Burial

Edmonton, Alberta.—The remains of John Noel Patch Bennett, 18-year-old schoolboy who sought experience and found death in the wastes of the Canadian Far North, intended to be sent to Grande Prairie were forwarded to England from Edmonton this week.

Bennett's bleached skeleton, a wolf-gnawed rifle, a pack sack, a diary and a photograph of his classmate that had been torn from his frozen body by the fangs of wolves that had unearthened it, were discovered by Kelly Sunderman, veteran Hythe guide, who had sought the boy's body for seven days when he journeyed up Tlikum Creek late in May.

Bennett left his home in Oakdale, Manor Road, Coventry, England, in April last and had gone gauntly across which would school him for a diplomatic career, on which he intended to embark when he attained his majority. He would have inherited a large fortune on his coming of age.

Although wounded and perils of the journey he was about to essay, he set forth from Grande Prairie in October alone with a pack horse, hoping to make his way through Pine Forest to Prince George, British Columbia.

Caught by the winter, his horse abandoned, his maccans worn out and his food supply exhausted, he struggled on, finding with the hands frozen to the intense cold of the mountain winter, he could go no further and sank down to die beside the lonely Tlikum Creek, where his body was found this spring.

## Statesmen Has Hard Task

### Germans Discouraged and Chancellor Finds Troubles Just Commencing

Berlin, Germany.—Chancellor Helmuth Brueining, who returned from his visit to London, England, with Foreign Minister Julius Curtius, faced his troubles as responsible head of Germany's government only begun.

How to steer a course between the Socialists and Communists yet not to reduce Germany's national strength and the Charybdis of a nation sullen and disengaged, and groaning under the weight of the emergency decree, which failed to tell all the intricacy of the world situation.

On the steamship "Europa" and during a six-day railway journey in a private car Brueining and Curtius met with the United States Ambassador to Germany, Frederick M. Sackett, returning after a visit to the United States.

## Britain Is Importing Butter From Empire

### Answer to Russia's "Five-Year Plan" Says British Minister

London, England.—The answer to the Russian "five-year plan" is the description Sir William Wayland, Conservative member of the House of Commons and chairman of the Empire Dairy Council, applied to the new policy of Great Britain.

During the last few weeks not fewer than 46 vessels from New Zealand and Australia were bringing more than a million boxes of butter to British ports.

Canadian butter is once more entering the British market, too, after being absent for five or six years.

British, Large, Fine Butter

Paris, France.—Recent "steel helmets" in the form of a new law made it difficult to continue paying debts to Germany, Foreign Minister Aristide Briand told the Chamber of Deputies in declaring that the government was opposed to any revision of the Young plan.

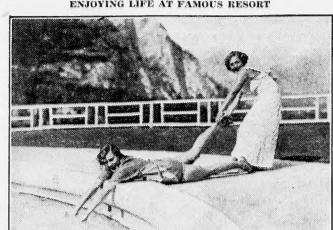
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Canadian butter is once more entering the British market, too, after being absent for five or six years.

British, Large, Fine Butter

Montreal, Que.—Based upon the average yield of barley per acre, it would take about 22 square miles of good land to produce the cargo of barley carried from the Canadian port of the "Emmeline" because, bound for Germany. The vessel carried 566,734 bushels of barley, the barged grain cargo ever to leave the St. Lawrence.

#### ENJOYING LIFE AT FAMOUS RESORT



"Just foolin' around and getting tanned," explained the Misses Ena and Brenda Sheffield, of Bournemouth, England, when a photographer at the Royal Hawaiian Hotel took their picture. With them many Englishmen have wintered in California and the Hawaiian Islands and are spending the early summer of Banff and Lake Louise before returning east to the Old Country.

## TO FLY OVER PACIFIC



Col. Charles Lindbergh, famous United States flying ace, who recently flew solo to France, has now decided to try his luck again in Japan.

## Export Cattle Trade

### Assuming Much Larger Proportions Than Was Anticipated

OTTAWA, ONT.—The export cattle trade is assuming much larger proportions than was anticipated, with the result that there are numerous western shippers who are unable to find space from Montreal to Great Britain.

These shippers have notified their difficulties to Hon. Robert Weir, who is endeavoring to interest the shipping companies in ships particularly for the summer months. He has had most of the heads of the shipping companies at Montreal up to Ottawa to see him, and is trying to persuade them to charter more ships.

One of the greatest difficulties which has to be overcome is that the British Board of Trade regulations announced early in the year have largely suspended, due to the entry into force of the new suspension rules.

These regulations will add much to the cost of equipping ships for the cattle trade, and the shipping companies need to go ahead on the basis of existing rates, the government will not succeed in having the new regulations further suspended.

It seems reasonably certain, that, during the winter months, the Canadian government will get a further suspension probably until November 30, but this is not definitely assured.

The question of price is more important and under consideration of the shipping companies and a decision will be reached within a week.

## Would Fine Issuers

### Of N.S.F. Cheques

#### Canadian Credit Men's Association Ask For \$1,000 Penalty

TORONTO, ONT.—Legislation to provide a fine of \$1,000 or one year's imprisonment for a misleader for passing cheques with forged signatures was recommended by the committee of the Canadian Credit Men's Association. The committee, during 1930, issued a report that the new regulations, effective Jan. 1, 1931, would not be fully effective.

The committee recommended that the new regulations be suspended until the new legislation takes effect.

The committee also coupled with a suggestion by Mr. W. A. Neil, independent Comox-Alberni, that members of the opposition and the independent groups combine with private members of the government to make a measure to the same effect.

Mr. Neil warned the government that the bill would be introduced in the House of Commons in the fall.

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# Spirit Of Nationalism Is Largely Responsible For World Depression Says Sir George Paish

Sir George Paish, formerly editor of the London Statist and one of Great Britain's most distinguished economists, is in the United States holding conferences with leading statesmen, business leaders and others. He set forth in an interview in Barron's Weekly his views as to the causes for and the remedies to be applied in curing the world depression, now sweeping the continent and the world at large. He is genuinely alarmed over the outlook, says the Manitoba Free Press, and states that the spirit of nationalism in the United States and Europe is responsible for the depression and that it is forcing the world into bankruptcy. In his interview he says:

"Without desiring to be severe, I can hardly help but feel that the nations have failed in their duty to the extent to which the spirit of nationalism in the United States is in no small degree responsible for world trade depression. It is the failure of the United States and that unless this spirit is changed, both in the United States and in other countries from that of nationalism that I may hope to see a better day. That is, the spirit which promotes a policy beneficial to all nations, an remedy of the present situation cannot be found."

The distress in which all nations find themselves is due to the continual increase until there is a real danger of both a trade and a credit breakdown. The policy that is being pursued, not only in America but also in Europe and in other countries is for the protection of their own industry and with it revolution. It is impossible to survey the political conditions now prevailing in the world without a fear that another world war may again break out. Many revolutions have taken place in South America and a good many in Europe, and others will undoubtedly take place if this policy is persisted in."

The remedy is not an effort to be more self-contained, not an effort by each nation to do without the rest of the world, but an increasing effort towards co-operation with other nations in the interest of the common well-being.

"Postponed in ancient times there was something to be said for the policy now being pursued when the racial spirit was still strong, but in the process of formation, but in these days when the world has become an economic unit and each nation has a very considerable percentage to contribute to its common welfare, it is not only folly but also criminal for nations to seek to go back to the policy that was suitable to primitive conditions as pursued in it, will bring us to a condition of distress without parallel."

The only possible policy that will carry the nations of their present troubles is a new policy of spirit of prosperity is a policy of collaboration and co-operation, which will man the whole world still more efficient as an economic unit, which will expand the productive power of all countries, which will expand the trade of all countries, and which will bring universal prosperity.

The effort to go back to the old conditions is surely bringing great suffering, and the continuance of this effort will intensify this suffering in a manner that no reasonable being desires to contemplate."

The "negative attitude" is most disturbing, and it is evident that constructive measures for the rehabilitation of the prosperity of all nations must be taken without delay if disaster is to be averted."

## Travel Far To Take Job

To work for six months on a new \$2,500,000 hotel being built at Bermuda six sisters and 100 other skilled workers have come from Liverpool, England. This party of workers brings the total number of English craftsmen making the voyage to 350. The hotel is being built by a British concern.

Don't drop insinuations. A bigger man may pick them up.



Darling, my lip-stick is not sealing wax. —Der Lustige Sachen. Lipstick.

## More Canadian Cattle Shipped To Britain

Seventh Load From Western Ranches Since Last October

Twenty-seven cars of pure-bred cattle, comprising 350 head, left Winnipeg on a special Canadian Pacific train for Britain yesterday morning and they are en route to British markets.

This is the seventh shipment of the kind from western Canadian ranches since last October. An earlier load, with 250 cattle, was sent to both Canada and the British Isles covers the feeding of these cattle largely upon the residue of the sugar beet product and the sale of Canadian grain.

"The lumber industry, as it well may be, is jubilant," he said, "for this, it is believed, marks the swing of the pendulum upwards. And I can say with some confidence that this is the first time that it appears probable to the writer that it will probably be the forerunner of other large orders. It looks as if the lumber business had reached bottom and was going to climb again. The signs are encouraging and impossible a short time ago. This same situation occurred in 1918, when a big order for lumber from England started the wheels to turn in our mills once more."

**Comparing Present With Past**

World Changes Many Of Its Beliefs During Progress Of Years

News from Lisbon of sharp earthquakes which naturally recalls the Lisbon earthquake of 1755, one of the greatest seismic disasters in history.

But to those who like to compare the present with the past, the present is not the past. The year is 1930, the preceding belief 1755 years ago that the Lisbon earthquake was a visitation of God. There was some preaching in this country to similar effect. Considering the mildness of the weather which has affected the consumption of fuel, the production is regarded as favorable. The mines produced 50,000 tons and the Drumheller mines 91,361 tons.

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The "negative attitude" is most disturbing, and it is evident that constructive measures for the rehabilitation of the prosperity of all nations must be taken without delay if disaster is to be averted."

Today's cute dress style is quite tiny. The tiny French blouse is designed with a wide lace border at the back. The tiny skirt is comfortably full to allow sufficient freedom that small children can move about easily. The yoked bodice in soft gathered treatment gives a very dainty effect.

Candy-colored bloomers in baby blue and white gingham check uses lace trim at the waist and hem. Style No. 211 is designed for tots 3 to 5 years.

Dainty pink cotton broadcloth prints, linen, pique, percale, and sateen are tucked up nicely and are practical as well.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin. Size is preferred. Wrap coat carefully.

## How To Order Pattern

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg.

Pattern No. .... Size .....

Name .....

Town .....

.....

## B.C. Lumber Industry

Large Orders From Australia and Britain Mark Beginning Of New Era

British Columbia's lumber industry, backbone of its whole business life, started to swing back towards prosperity recently with the placing of orders for 1,600,000 feet of timber for Australia and 1,500,000 railway crossing timbers for England.

In consequence of receipt of these orders by British Columbia mills, Hon. S. Lougheed, minister of lands, declared it was the best business news British Columbia had heard since the start of the industrial depression.

"The lumber industry, as it well may be, is jubilant," he said, "for this, it is believed, marks the swing of the pendulum upwards. And I can say with some confidence that this is the first time that it appears probable to the writer that it will probably be the forerunner of other large orders. It looks as if the lumber business had reached bottom and was going to climb again. The signs are encouraging and impossible a short time ago. This same situation occurred in 1918, when a big order for lumber from England started the wheels to turn in our mills once more."

**Soviets Buying Farm Products In Advance**

Have Contracted With Peasants For Output Of 225 Million Acres

Expanding its policy of buying farm products in advance from individual peasants, the Soviet Union has signed contracts for the crops on 225,000,000 acres.

More than half of these purchases are of grain and already more than 80 per cent of the agreements for the cereal output of 125,000,000 acres have been signed.

The program calls for advance purchase of 100,000 acres of sugar beets, 7,500,000 acres of hemp and flax, 460,000 acres of tobacco, and considerable areas devoted to beans and sunflower seeds which are cultivated for their vegetable oils.

The government furnishes farmers, farmers' implements, expert agricultural advice, and supervision to assist the peasant peasants who sign contracts.

There are no seed grain subsidies.

The "cotton cord" which has been estimated for the year at about \$17,250,000, an average of about 75 cents per acre, is to be paid in advance by the peasants final return for his labor depends then upon the quality of the farming that he does. If he gets a crop of better than average quality, he will need grain subsidies after harvest at a premium above the "run of mine" prices paid for farm products. If he lies down on the job he is out of luck.

## Information Not Available

And Question Whether Sovietskin Kiss Is Still Unanswered

Is the Sovietskin kiss? That is the question which arises in a breach of the ice rules when it was asserted that people north of the Arctic circle were kissing.

The two do not believe in kissing. So surprising a statement must not pass without investigation, so asked several Sovietskin about it. They were silent.

It is difficult to find them who have only to shout "Mac!" in Fleet Street to collect dozens.

Having arranged these matters to his satisfaction, Lindbergh held the pendulum stationary for a week, and then it would swing several hours, or until the pendulum had become absolutely still. Then the cotton cord was burned in order to start the ball swinging without any jar. It was observed that the ball would stop in a pin cut the ball at a different place, instead of drawing only one line, as would have happened if the earth were not rotating. The pin shifted to the right at such a rate that a complete rotation would have been made in thirty-two hours if the pendulum had not come to rest.

**British Admiralty Holds Navies Are Essential**

Sir Roger Keyes Believes In Force Behind Treaties

May Follow Short Route

Lindbergh Likely To Fly East On Trip To Orient

The New York Times says Captain Charles A. Lindbergh and his wife on their proposed flight to China and Japan may fly east instead of west around the world via Greenland and Spitzbergen, through Siberia and China.

The great circle route, the shortest possible distance to Peking from Europe, is not available because of the heavy traffic from Japan flying eastward, would bring the aircraft into the path of Japanese bombers.

The circular route around the world would touch points which might be considered as fuel and supply bases.

When asked concerning this route, Captain Lindbergh said his plans were not complete, but that several courses were being considered.

**Out Of Balance**

Canada has a balance of trade to feed all her children. If she is not successful at the moment it is because her densest population is widely distributed. Too dense in the towns, it is too sparse in the country districts.

Every effort made to establish the balance should meet with encouragement.

"Our sea communications are as vital to us as the air we breathe, yet every reduction of our navy is baled by the cost to whom I have just referred by another who really knew better, as well as to those behind the perpetuation of these policies."

"What blind folly it all is!"

Admiral Keyes, commanding the Dover patrol during the Great War, directed the naval operations of Zeppelins April 23, 1918, and later was commander-in-chief of the British Mediterranean fleet.

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**A Sensible Question**

Little Willie comes home in a sad state. He had a black eye and numerous scratches and contusions and his clothes were a sight. His mother was shocked to see him and asked him how he got his injuries.

"I fell off my bicycle," he said.

"Did you fall off your bicycle?"

"Yes, I did," he replied.

"Did you fall off your bicycle?"

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## THE EXPRESS, EMPRESS



Theatrical Manager: "What's your line?"

Applicant: "Oh—er—anything in the line of tragedy."

Theatrical Manager: "Hm. Well, let's see what you can do. Make me job like a child.—London Opinion.

### WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

As a result of a recent change in its postal service, Poland now has a post office for every 6,300 inhabitants.

The Central Bank of Shanghai recently sold gold bars to the value of \$1,000,000 to Vancouver on the "Empress of Asia."

The Irish Free State Government rejected a proposal for establishment of a gambling casino at Bray, a sea-side resort in County Wicklow.

Delegates from 15 countries recently spent four days in London as guests of the British Legion, which has made them honorary members for their services in connection with the Armistice.

At the international radio conference in Copenhagen, Denmark, at which about 40 nations were represented, ended June 9. A number of proposals were drafted for submission to the League of Nations, which is slated to be held in Madrid in 1932.

Delegates to Toronto to the World's Women's Christian Temperance Union Convention will carry home with them to the four corners of the earth unique mementos in the shape of small phials full of hard wheat from Alberta.

Economic indignation was put forth as one of the "main contributing factors" to the "agreements" concerning the United States in the "world wide epidemic of trade depression" by Senator Davis, of Pennsylvania.

Charles Lindley Wood, second Viscount Hawick, celebrated his 92nd birthday June 10. He is probably the proudest father in Great Britain, for his only son is Lord Irwin, who recently retired from the High position of vice-president of the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

Charles Dickens' wreaths were laid on the novelist's grave in Westminster Abbey, June 9, to commemorate the 61st anniversary of his death. The wreaths were composed of scarlet geraniums, Dickens' favorite flower.

### Believers Are Inevitable

**British Scientist Says Mother Nature Uses Wars For Punishing Books**

Man's dream of world without war can never come true, Sir Arthur Keith, the British scientist, said in an address at the University of Toronto.

"Nature keeps her human orchard healthy by pruning," he said, "and war is her pruning hook."

That "naturalistic approach" seems to be wrong from his point of view, even though the future of his own dreams is a time of everlasting peace.

In the electric lighting industry the plant comes before the bulb, but in gardening the bulb comes before the plant.



"No, I shall never forget the date of my husband's death. It was either 1910 or 1911."—Mustique, Charleroi.

W. N. U. 1894

### Makes Paving Blocks By Secret Process

**Omaha Man Gets Remarkable Results By Using Any Crushable Material**

Paving blocks from egg shells, marble moniments from sawdust and "concrete" fence posts from wood are being produced in Omaha.

The same process will make "stone" slabs out of coffee grounds, building stones out of wood pulp, ornamental stones out of trash, and "gold" and "silver" out of anything that can be ground into small bits.

Elwood Gossett is the discoverer of the process and he is keeping the method a closely guarded secret.

Investigators are permitted to stand by and watch the process in operation but when the work is completed a marble bust of George Washington is made out of a peck or two of pulverized walnut shells, the busts do not know any more about what they did than the investigator.

Ordinary straw straw is one of Mr. Gossett's favorite materials for paving blocks, although the discoverer of the process will use just about anything that can be crushed or powdered into small bits.

After grinding up the straw, egg shells, cornstarch, or whatever is used, Mr. Gossett mixes this with water and adds a binding agent. This "binding agent" is the material that is secret. Mr. Gossett will really tell you what he is using, except he will not tell you just what the "binding agent" really is. He claims that this "secret" is composed of seven salts, all found in sea water. He has this in a barrel, a sort of slimy sea-green mixture. After mixing the straw and salt mixture, set aside until a mixture enough of this "agency" to make the mixture into a mold. It is permitted to remain in this mold all night, and the next morning the mixture is found to have hardened into a solid mass of stone or marble. Coloring matter can be added to the mixture when it is wet and any desired effect can be produced, so far as coloring is concerned.

The Christian Science Monitor reported that Charles Dickens' wreaths were laid on the novelist's grave in Westminster Abbey, June 9, to commemorate the 61st anniversary of his death. The wreaths were composed of scarlet geraniums, Dickens' favorite flower.

### Horrors Of War

**Honorable Artilleryman Depicts Calamity That Never Ceased**

Calamity that never ceased would entail

Horror of the first war outlined in London, England, by Rt. Hon. Arthur H. H. Fisher, secretary, he deserved to be Dunge Remained on "Conserving World Peace."

"What a chapter of horrors can be written of the conditions that must prevail if a war involving the nations should ever break out," he said.

That "horrible chapter" seems to be wrong from his point of view, even though the future of his own dreams is a time of everlasting peace.

It will be the triumph of death in its most hideous and agonizing forms which science has made possible to inflict upon non-combatants."

Changed Postal System

A shark had broken up the postal system of the island of Niuafoofa, one of the Fiji groups. For years a native swam across the channel and swam over to the post office every week to meet the steamer "Totum" carrying him outgoing mail. The last incoming mail was lost when a shark attacked and killed the swimmer. Hereafter a large canoe will be sent to meet the ship.

The word salary means "salt money."

All the good of which humanity is capable is comprised in obedience.

### Ship Model Breasts Man-Made Wind and Wave

**ingenious Tank Experiments Made With New Cunarder**

In an effort to make the new supercruiser as near fool-proof as humanly possible, the engineers of science can make her, the most extraordinary preliminary tests have just been completed with an exact replica model of her.

These tests made with the utmost care were performed with an 18-foot model in a 300-foot tank in which miniature gales and heavy seas were mechanically created to reproduce actual conditions of the ocean. The great liner will have to face at all seasons of the year. These tank trials are a combination of years of experience and man-made models. The designers are convinced that the new ship will prove to be the most perfect vessel possible for the work she is intended to perform.

The tank wave-making apparatus consists of a large wheel which is wood stiffened with steel angle and plates. This is mounted on what might be called the stopping end of the tank, and ends towards which the waves travel and are expected to break.

The rocking-point of the diaphragm is placed two feet below the water level of the tank and the rocking is caused by a driving-gear through a flywheel and long connecting rod.

Variations in the motion of the diaphragm govern the length and speed of waves generated, their length, and steepness.

The waves travel steadily and smoothly along the diaphragm, the tank with crests square to it, and through which the model passes in the opposite direction to each passing.

The capacity of the wave-generating machine is a remarkable record of 1000 ft. of wave length of wave-slope and height in the North Atlantic corresponding to a gale of about 60 knots.

The sea condition of the ship, which is represented by these experiments in mechanical waves, is that of steaming against a very regular head-on sea.

In order to study the behaviour of men in the ship under such conditions, models are used to represent actual conditions in miniature. A model of the ship made to scale, fitted complete with superstructure, funnel, complete boats, etc., is built up and placed in the tank to represent the ship.

Tests are made to determine the effect of the tunnel on the ship. Both ends of the tunnel are open and one end is attached a large suction tube to draw air through the tunnel over a wide range of air speed.

At the other end of the tunnel is fixed a large sheet metal bellows and grid for steady and varying the velocity over the area of the tunnel.

Two smaller fans are placed in the back of the tunnel. One is connected to a main box containing sal-ammonia crystals which are used for tranking to the funnel of the model. Heat applied to the sal-ammonia drives off white fumes or smoke. The heat from the fan carries this smoke through the tunnel over a wide range of air speed.

The speed of this fan can be varied to represent the proportionate speeds of the funnel gases as in the ship. The other fan is connected to all the ventilation and air-traction equipment and draws air down through all the ventilators, again reproducing actual ship conditions.

When all the fans are running, the smoke streams out of the funnel and follows the paths of the induced air currents adjacent to the funnels, the ventilators draw down their supply of air and in this way can be studied the behaviour of the smoke under any number of combinations of wind speeds, funnel gas speeds, ventilation speeds, with various types and proportions of deck and hull surfaces.

By using these combinations, and by a process of elimination, designers arrive at the type of funnel or set of funnels which will result in the least possible contamination of decks and ventilation on the new giant Cunarder.

### Platinum Output Larger

**Figures Show Sharp Increase Over the 1929 Production**

Canada's output of metals of the platinum group during 1930 totalled 68,116 fine ounces, a vast increase over the 1929 837 fine ounces produced. It is revealed by finally revised figures released at the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Platinum, rhodium and other metals are included in the group. The value of the production was worth \$2,429,000 as against the 1929 production value of \$1,636,045.

Platinum exported by Canada during 1930 totalled \$1,626,558 in value, more than seven times the figures for 1929 exports.

X-ray examinations of Egyptian mummies at the Field Museum show that pyroceres was a prevalent dental disease in ancient Egypt.

### Vital Statistics

**Eighth Annual Report Covering the Year 1928 Just Been Issued**

The Dominion Bureau of Statistics has just issued the eighth annual report of Vital Statistics covering the year 1928. Although the more important features of the year have been given out in 1929 in preliminary form, the present volume, which contains detailed analysis for permanent record, has many features of great interest.

The reports on vital statistics for the parents of children born during the year, under such headings as racial, origin and birthplace. Tables of decedents are presented under the heading of causes of death in general to treatment of causes of death according to age, nativity and conjugal condition, while the occupation of the deceased is tabulated according to the birthplace. Deaths are classified according to permanent record, the records of the birthplaces and religions of the contracting parties. Statistics of births, deaths and marriages are also given.

The report contains special tables for the Indian population and for the Yukon and the Northwest Territories.

A very full analytical introduction is included in the volume.

### Great Lakes' Level

#### Exceptionally Low

**Will Hamper Fall Grain Movement Unless Rains Executive**

Moisture in the grain crop down the Great Lakes has been unusually dry and fall rain has been sparse. This summer sees an excessive rainfall throughout Ontario, Manitoba and the western United States.

Floods gathered in the hydroelectric reservoirs of the Department of Marine at Ottawa are irresistibly driven following a check-up of the water levels of the Great Lakes and the Laurentian River.

Figures gathered by the department show that these levels are below the average for this time of year.

**Yukon Executive Retired**

**Major Burwash Succeeds To Office Made Vacant**

George P. Mackenzie, former gold commissioner, chief executive of the Yukon since 1925, executive in charge of the Yukon and Northwest Territories, has been appointed to the Yukon and Northern Territories branch of the Department of the Interior.

Major Lockhart G. Wabush, investigator for the same branch, and one of Mackenzie's assistants, Alexander E. Parker, was appointed to his office.

Major Mackenzie's retirement is the cutting down programme of the interior department staff.

### Soviet School In London

A Soviet school with Russian teachers has been opened at a club in London, England, for children of the club's members, who are Soviet emigrants in the city. There are 100 students, mostly boys, who are taught the same subjects, both English and Russian, but not religion.

The average man is like a match.

If he gets lit up, he loses his head.

—John G. Nichols.

Editorial Staff.



**Thousands of mothers have found that Eagle Brand is ideal for infant feeding, where they are unable to nurse their children.**

### Eagle Brand CONDENSED Milk, C.W.T.

The Purdys Co., Ltd.  
112 George St., Toronto.  
Send for your free copy of our authoritative literature on Infant Feeding.  
Address:

## THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

BY —  
CHRISTINE WHITING  
PARMENTER  
Copyright 1929

### CHAPTER XX.

Angela was in her element. To be the only beautiful woman aboard a yacht sailing amid fairy isles! — to have the daily companionship of a man who, however briefly, had been devoted to her charms, and to realize that he was keenly aware of them— to have even as antiquated a male as Colonel Nowell eager for her favors. The bright, breezy atmosphere in which she could now be regarded as a rival. And Meyer was not beautiful, and it was evident that she cared not a snap of her fingers for the admiration of either Nick or the Colonel.

Meyer himself was on his good behaviour, and Angela was too absorbed in her conquests of Nick to feel chagrined at the fact that she once had been a homely girl compared with her. Possibly the presence of his small daughter, to whom he was unquestionably devoted, made a difference. Indeed, Little Marjorie was the one girl in the world he seemed destined to marry, eager as he was to have her. Possibly the thought of her was what made him so regard her as a rival. She was not beautiful, and it was evident that she cared not a snap of her fingers for the admiration of either Nick or the Colonel.

Nick grew to like Mrs. Meyer.

Her blouse which had repelled him last night, he now found attractive, and drop away on shipboard. At little Marjorie's entreaty she sometimes joined in their games and with her child, at least, she was unaffected.

Angela, however, was not so sure. On a night when he and Angela had entranced them all by singing together in the quiet, tropic starlight, that, in the privacy of their own state room, she confided that liking to her husband.

"He's a nice fellow, Nick Hastings. It makes me tired to see Angela set her cap for him. She doesn't make much noise, but I don't know what George Meyer is like, and I'm afraid she'll be a bore. I've seen him, though, and he's got a brick-red color that was not the result of tropic sun."

"What do you mean?"

Angela received a last hairpin, and shook off the remainder of soft, dark hair which won her only a faint smile from Nick.

"You thought I didn't know, my dear? I fear you were careless. As it happened, I was on the other side of that palm bush; and if I'm not mistaken, took a good look at a maid in the dining room, directly behind you. Next time—"

"You know jolly well that there won't be a next time," he said gruffly. "There wouldn't have been—that, if it

hadn't been for the moon, and a damn pretty woman thrown in."

"Yes, she's pretty," admitted Amy. She drew a quick sigh as her eyes met those of the page in the corner. Meyer had it, and she did indeed, at his own weakness, a sudden, long-dormant protective tenderness for his wife. He arose, limping toward her on his toes, and uttered a strangled burst of words.

"Can she beat that?"

"But—but it's all I have, George."

"I'm damned if it is! Do you think for a moment—"

Sgt. turned, smiling up at him, her eyes bright.

"No, I don't, but I didn't like her making a fool of you, my dear. That's something many women love her eyes for, and I must see. And she makes a fool of you, George, you can't deny it. It was to prove to myself that my faith in you was unshaken, that I asked her to come with us on our cruise. I don't like her playing with Nick Hastings. He's got a wife of his own."

Well he hasn't forgotten her; yet, and it's my opinion that he enjoys the old dash sight more than he enjoys Amy."

He still held the strand of her hair, a bit awkwardly.

"Amy," he hesitated, "I—I sorry about last summer. I don't know what got into me then—"

"I do," said Amy, "and because I understand, I forgive you; but just took out that it doesn't happen again."

"I promise it won't. I've never broken my word to you, have I?"

"No. Perhaps that's my reason for trusting you."

She gently loosened the fingers that were clasped around her shoulder. No more words passed between them; but Nick, too, was looking at her. He had told himself that he was a miserable cur, and that his wife was the most wonderful woman in the world, which, after all, is a healthful state of mind for a married man.

In a way, we understand their grudge against the banks. They represent wealth, which they would surely destroy or share, and wealth always means power for the rich.

Why do the Communists always wish to destroy churches and banks? History shows no instance where they have failed to "take it out" on religious institutions.

They have, however, accumulated savings of

millions of dollars, and every state and province should not equal or improve on Connecticut's reduction rate this year.

It's beauty that seemed to filter through the hazy atmosphere. The sea was like glass; the air balmy, and fragrant with the scent of wild orchids, wafted from an island that they were passing. They had just dined in high good humor because Nick's chat was close to her, was crooning a negro lullaby that fitted perfectly the time and place. Her voice, so very muted to suit her audience, brought to each one some tender memory.

George Meyer reached for his wife's hand. She clasped it. Colonel Nowell's thoughts were with the co-operative, losing another moonlit night on the coast of Maine. Nick was thinking of home—wondering if the babies had been keeping the look in Gay's eyes since he knew no more of it. It was a moment of pure enchantment.

The voice ceased. It was the Colonel who broke the silence that followed.

"Are any of you familiar with the story of the Pied Piper?"

There was a murmured assent. No one seemed yet quite ready for conversation. As the moonlight fell across her knees Amy withdrew her hands from Nick's clasp, and Nick, with an effort, brought himself back from Bakersville.

"Nothing to my mind is lovelier than the coast of Maine," the Colonel said. "Went there last summer, and have missed a half dozen summers since. Stayed most everywhere from Bar Harbor to York. It's all beautiful; but give me good Painter's Neck for a steady diet."

(To Be Continued.)

### How the Red Mind Works

#### Communists Do Not Want Love, But Want Power

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## THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

Published in the interests of  
Empress and District  
\$2.50 to the United States  
Subscription price 25¢ per  
year to any part of Canada  
or Great Britain

8. S. Sexton Proprietor A. Haskin

Thursday, July 2nd, 1931

Miss Grace Clout left on Tuesday, on a visit to the home of her father, at Peever, Dakota.

Miss Agnes Gillespie, left for her home at Pincher Creek, on Wednesday.

Don't forget United Sunday School Picnic on Friday, July 10th at Mr. Longmire's Grove, Bring lunch, cups and spoons.

Miss Kathleen and Doris Randall, who have been attending normal school at Calgary, arrived home this week.

Miss Holly Clark arrived home from her vacation the first of the week.

A. L. Acton, of Ottawa, A. G. Acton, of Calgary, Mr. and Mrs. J. Montgomery, and family from Edmonton, were guests this week of Mr. and Mrs. W. Acton.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Sandrock and baby, made a trip by car to Lethbridge, Alta., this week. John Sandrock, who has been teaching in the district arrived home with them.

Giders like aeroplanes are growing larger and larger, and a sail-plane with a wing span of more than 90 feet was constructed in Germany recently.

Tommy Murray suffered eye injury when liquid from a golf ball, which he and a playmate had been unwinding, entered the optic.

In the interests of further economy the repair shops of the Grand Trunk at Dearing, Mo., will be merged with those of the Central Vermont Ry. at St. Albans, it is announced by S. J. Hungerford, Montreal, vice-president in charge of operation, C.N.R. Every effort is being made to effect economies on the system. Mr. Hungerford stated, and this consolidation is brought about through necessity of reducing overhead at the two New England shops of the Company. There will, of course, be necessity for transferring some of the employees of the Dearing shop.

Coal, Wood, Contract Work or GENERAL.

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Dr. A. K. McNeill  
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Surgeon

Phone 44

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Dr. DOWLER

Wednesdays, Thursdays and  
Fridays

Offices: Royal Bank Building  
(Opposite Hotel)

AT LEADER:

Sundays, Mondays and Tuesdays

**DOMINION CAFE**  
FIRST-CLASS MEALS  
Good Rooms

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Coccolites, Cigars, Cigarettes  
ICE CREAM & SUNDAES

Danceband after theatre hours  
A Place of City Style.



# Health Service

OF THE  
Canadian Medical Association

Edited by  
GRANT FLEMING, M.D., ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

## The Public Health

The Ministry of Health in England publishes each year a very interesting and most readable report on the state of the Public Health. We refer to this because it seems rather appropriate that on Dominion Day we should consider the state of the public health in Canada.

We venture to predict, although it is sometimes dangerous to prophecy, that of all that will appear in our newspaper and in the public addresses which will be made on the birthday of the Dominion, little or no mention will be made of the people of other lands. It is because we believe this goal can be attained that we have confidence in the future of our country.

The lives and health of Canadians must be protected. The child born in Canada must be safeguarded so that he may be given his chance. We are not all born with the same capacity for physical and mental development. The country should provide each citizen with an opportunity for the full development of the capabilities with which he is born.

In Canada we see many persons suffering and dying from disease which can be prevented. Our maternal death-rate is also one of our infirmities in many places.

Let there be less talk of what might be done and more attention paid to the fundamental problems of public health. No country can succeed unless it tries to solve the problem of preventable sickness and death and the poverty and dependency which grow out of these.

Business, Or--?

There has been much elation in general over the moratorium in regard to war payments as announced by President Hoover. It was reflected in stock and bond market transactions all over the world. Undoubtedly the interim afforded for non-payment of war debts by various nations to other creditors will help to stabilize world conditions from the chaos into which they were sinking, the final outcome of which would be hard to conjecture with any positiveness. Undoubtedly the methodical, cold-blooded business methods are responsible for much of the stagnation and depression evident today.

A writer has the following to say which contains much of the truth:

"Too many business men have forgotten that the only excuse for business at all is to bring in income and render service to humanity. There is too little regard in business for the ethics of trade, and too often big business has disregarded the rights of the smaller business and has lost the human touch. Responsibility cannot be avoided."

ed because the policies of corporations are fixed by a board of directors. Neither can a workman shirk his responsibility because he is not a member of the board of directors.

It is fundamental that each unit must merit success, or failure is sure, and equity and moral responsibility must prevail to preserve economic sanity."

That appears to be much of the meat in the kernel and the need for a moratorium and

why? Supplies and goods bought largely on credit in a war period at values 4 and 5 times higher and perhaps more than those of the current period; payment to be made in gold from goods sold in a steadily depressed market. Thus directing the flow of purchasing power into two or three main channels with the consequent diminishing of world customer-gated markets and depressed conditions for debtors and creditors.

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## THE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE MONITOR

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## School Holiday Specials

Here Are Some Extra Special Values  
on School Children's Wear

Combination offer -Play-land Suits and  
RUNNING SHOES for Children. Suit sizes, 2-8; Running  
Shoes, 11-13 and 15. At 170 for the two articles  
by buying the two articles together, you save, 45c.

We also have Play-land Suits for the bigger children, sizes  
9 to 10. These, with running shoes combined, Special Combination offer, \$1.85 both articles. Saving 55c.

Boy's Shirts, neck sizes, 12 to 14.  
Fancy patterns in strong materials. Special, 65c a piece;  
saving, 35c.

Boy's Dress Pants, good wool and Tweed cloths. Going  
at \$1.25 a pair. These values are hard to beat.

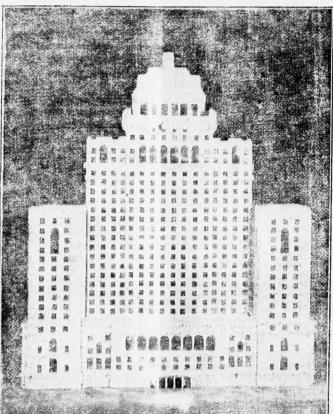
Boy's Good Leather Shoes, sizes 11-13 and 1-5. From  
\$1.95 to \$2.25 a pair.

Boy's Whoopee Pants, Underwear, Belts, Caps,  
Handkerchiefs, Visors, etc., at a Big Saving.

## “SANDY'S”

C.P.R. WATCH INSPECTOR EMPRESS, ALTA.

## A Hotel in Diamonds



Like a story from the Arabian Nights is the description of the miniature hotel which is now on exhibition at the Toronto York Hotel this fall. "The model is valued at over \$10,000. In its construction there were utilized more than 15,000 diamonds of various sizes. They were mounted on a framework composed

of satin wood covered with the finest wax. The miniature was built to a scale of one-half inch to 15 inches high by 12 inches broad. Reflected from thousands of facets, the light from the windows of the building was broken into all the colors of the spectrum, making this exhibit one of the most brilliant and most talked-

about exhibits."

Calgary's Popular Priced Hotels

## HOTEL YORK

EVERYTHING NEWEST--Rates \$2.50 and 300

Coffee Shop — Best Food — Lowest Prices

— ALSO OPERATING —

## Hotel St. Regis

RATES—\$1.50; BATHS, \$2.00. Weekly and Monthly Rates.

## GET THE FLY

Before he gets you. We can help you.  
Window screens, all widths, 25c. per  
yard up.

Adjustable Window Screens, 50c. up.

Screen Doors, 3.00 up.

Door Springs, 10c.

Door Catches, 20c. Fly Swatters, 15c.

R. A. POOL

## Brodie's Store News

## Graham Biscuits, lb. 20c

## Cooking Figs, 2 lbs. 25c

CUKE PICKLES, Home-made Style, per Jar 35c

WHITE COOKING BEANS 17 lbs. \$1

DRIED GREEN PEAS 3 lbs. for 25c

## W. R. BRODIE

## SPECIALS

Cranberry Jam, tin	-	.60
Sauer Kraut, 2 tins	-	.35
Canned Sausage, 3 for	-	.85
Sardines, 15 tins	-	1.00
Ginger Snaps, per lb.	-	.20
Jelly Powders, per dozen	-	.90

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"SERVICE and SATISFACTION"